

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY HOMELESS CONTINUUM OF CARE DATA QUALITY MONITORING PLAN (DQMP)

Adopted by the Contra Costa Council on Homelessness on 9/15/2022

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1. INTRODUCTION

The HMIS Data Quality & Monitoring Plan is a community-level document supplemental to the HMIS Policies & Procedures Manual¹ that facilitates the ability of the CoC to achieve statistically valid and reliable data. The plan is developed by the HMIS Lead Agency with input from the community stakeholders and is formally adopted by the CoC. The plan sets expectations for both the community and the end users to capture reliable and valid data on persons accessing the homeless assistance system. The Data Quality & Monitoring Plan is designed to meet requirements and guidance set forth by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)² and to support local CoC goals and system and project improvement, including the CoC Program Models.³

What is Data Quality?

HMIS Data quality refers to the extent to which data recorded in HMIS accurately reflects the same information in the real world. It is our goal to record the most accurate, consistent, and timely information in order to draw reasonable conclusions about the extent of homelessness and the impact of homeless services in our community.

Why is Data Quality Important?

Data quality within the context of HMIS is important for many reasons, including

Demonstrates compliance with federal, state, and local funding requirements

Impacts successful funding applications for providers and the CoC

Ensures the community has accurate information to develop equitable responses to homelessness

Provides stakeholders accurate information to tell the story of homelessness as realistically and completely as possible

Directly impacts the Coordinated Entry process and helps determine which services people experiencing homelessness may or may not appear to be eligible

¹ The Contra Costa Policies and Procedures Manual can be found here: https://www.cchealth.org/hmis

² The Data Quality & Monitoring Plan was developed with guidance and instruction from HUD's Data Quality Toolkit available here, https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/HUDDataQualityToolkit.pdf.

³ Contra Costa Continuum of Care Program Models and Performance Standards can be found here: https://cchealth.org/h3/coc/pdf/Program-Models.pdf

What is a Data Quality Monitoring Plan?

A Data Quality Monitoring Plan or DQMP:

- Establishes specific data quality benchmarks for timeliness, completeness, accuracy, and consistency;
- Identifies the responsibilities of all parties within the CoC regarding data quality;
- Establishes a timeframe for monitoring data quality regularly;
- is a living, evolving tool that will change as the community and its HMIS data needs change.

The CoC will work in conjunction with the HMIS Lead to ensure all providers have access to the tools they need to ensure high data quality, including training, data quality reports, and responsive technical assistance. While the HMIS Lead is responsible for a large part of the overall DQMP, the CoC will maintain a high level of involvement to ensure providers respond to data quality concerns and that the data quality within the HMIS is both acknowledged and addressed on an ongoing, iterative, continual basis and in an objective, data-driven manner.

2. SUPPORTS AND EXPECTATIONS

The CoC will monitor data quality, in conjunction with the HMIS Lead, and the following supports and expectations are in place to ensure providers understand the importance of data quality within HMIS.

A. Supports

- The Council on Homelessness (CoH), the CoC advisory board, has established a HMIS Policy Committee where data quality will be a meeting agenda item at every meeting and will acknowledge providers meeting a high level of data quality in the meeting minutes which will be posted on the CoC's website.
- The HMIS Policy Committee will report quarterly to the CoH (verbally or via staff report) and include successes from provider agencies in improving data quality within the CoC.
- The CoC will acknowledge the work of providers meeting a high level of data quality every quarter via the CoC e-newsletter, or other public forums that acknowledge the work done to address data quality in HMIS.
- The CoC will use data quality in HMIS during the annual rank and review process for CoC funding. In order to be eligible for CoC funding, projects will need to maintain a baseline threshold data quality requirement. Guidance on specifics of this process will be released each year with the local CoC NOFO competition process.
- The CoC will work with state and local funders to also use data quality metrics when making funding allocation decisions to providers / projects. The CoC will encourage funders to use the same process the CoC uses during the annual rank and review process for CoC funding.

 The CoC will work with providers who do not currently use HMIS to understand provider concerns and barriers to using HMIS. The CoC will work with the providers to make HMIS a realistic option and creatively overcome barriers.

B. Expectations

The CoC will work with the HMIS Lead to monitor data quality at the project, agency, and system level. Actions to address ongoing, identified deficiencies will depend on where data quality issues lie, and could include the following:

- Required refresher trainings for HMIS users
- Corrective action plans with achievable milestones and data quality improvement benchmarks
- Disqualification for funding streams that require minimum data quality as a threshold for application

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Health Housing and Homeless Services (H3) is the CoC Lead agency. The Research, Evaluation, and Data (RED) Team falls within H3 and acts as the HMIS Lead for the Richmond/Contra Costa (CA-505) CoC. The Contra Costa County Council on Homelessness is the governing body for the Contra Costa CoC. All HMIS participating partners and HMIS staff are responsible for working together towards high levels of data quality. Below is a chart that details roles for participating providers, CoC Governing Board, CoC Lead, and HMIS Lead, as they relate to the implementation of the DQMP.

Role	Who	Responsibilities
HMIS Participating Partners – Staff	Intake staff, case management staff, volunteers, and administrative level staff at participating partner agencies	 Enter data into HMIS that is timely, complete, and accurate Notify H3 RED Team of data discrepancies
HMIS Participating Partners – Agency Administrators	The assigned agency staff that serves as liaison between the HMIS Lead (H3) and the partner agency. Oversees HMIS activities and compliance at the partner agency level.	 Review data quality reports each month and throughout the year to make internal agency/program action plans that address data quality issues Notify H3 RED Team of training needs for new staff, including within 30 days of identification of a new Agency Administrator Request additional refresher trainings and technical assistance, as needed Attend monthly HMIS Policy meetings and provide feedback and support to this committee
HMIS Lead	Staff members of HMIS Lead; H3's Research Evaluation & Data (RED) Team	 Systematically monitor the data (see "6. Data quality Benchmark Monitoring and Enforcement") Design and build data quality reports that enable HMIS participating partners to selfmonitor data quality

		 Communicate regularly with CoC and individual providers to ensure stakeholders are informed and have resources to address data quality concerns Coordinate with participating partners, CoC Lead, and CoC governance to prepare and submit federal reports (i.e., LSA, SPMs, HIC, PIT, etc.) Work with HMIS vendor to ensure access and development of data quality reports in or from the system
CoC Lead	Contra Costa Health Services Health, Housing & Homeless Services (H3) Division and supporting Technical Assistance providers	 Ensure HMIS is administered in compliance with requirements prescribed by HUD Ensure consistent participation in HMIS of all HUD CoC and ESG recipients and subrecipients Evaluate system-wide data quality through annual review of standard reports (HIC, PIT, Bed/Unit utilization, HDX competition, SPMs, LSA, Stella, etc.) Work with HMIS staff and participating provider agency staff to resolve agency data quality corrective action plans Assemble and facilitate annual review and score card of CoC data quality as part of CoC and ESG Rank and Review and funding RFPs In collaboration with H3 RED Team, monitor CoC benchmarks to ensure that CoC in on target to meet local, HUD, and other funding source benchmarks Facilitate training, technical assistance, and support to provider agencies in alignment with DQMP
HMIS Policy Committee	A subcommittee of the Contra Costa Council on Homelessness; Members include HMIS Lead staff, COH council members, and partner agency staff	 Set CoC data quality benchmarks annually Design and annually review the data quality monitoring plan Review system-wide data quality reports to monitor progress and identify gaps within the DQMP Determine incentives and enforcements for DQMP compliance
Contra Costa Council on Homelessness	CoC Governing body appointed by the Board of Supervisors	 Review and approve the data quality monitoring plan Provide oversight to the work of the HMIS Policy Committee Provide system and project compliance oversight and use findings in funding and policy decision making

4. DATA QUALITY STANDARDS

The HMIS Data Standards were first published by HUD in 2004 within the HMIS Data and Technical Standards⁴. Data quality standards ensure that every CoC can achieve high quality HMIS data that can be used locally and at the federal level to evaluate systems. All HMIS-participating programs, regardless of their funding source, are to abide by the expectations detailed in the most current HUD HMIS Data Standards⁵ and work towards the goals outlined in the SNAPS Data TA Strategy To Improve Data and Performance Overview⁶

In accordance with Contra Costa County's community input, the CoC has adopted standards that go beyond the data quality standards defined by HUD. The sections below summarize the HUD data elements and how they should be collected under the stricter guidelines defined by the CoC.

A. Universal Data Elements (UDEs)

The Universal Data Elements are required to be collected by all projects participating in HMIS regardless of funding source. The Universal Data Elements are important for the development of the Longitudinal System Analysis (LSA) report. There are personal identifier elements and project stay elements.

Personal Identifier Elements (one and only one per client record)

3.01 Name
3.02 Social Security Number
3.03 Date of Birth
3.04 Race and Ethnicity
3.06 Gender
3.07 Veteran Status

Project Stay Elements (one and only one per client, per project stay)

3.08 Disabling Condition (Y/N)
3.10 Project Start Date
3.11 Project Exit Date
3.12 Destination
3.15 Relationship to Head of Household

⁴ 2004 Data and Technical Standards Final Notice, available here, https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/hmis/hmis-regulations-and-notices/

⁵ 2014 HUD HMIS Data Standards and annual updates available here, https://www.hudexchange.info/resource/3824/hmis-data-dictionary/

⁶ HUD SNAPS Data TA Strategy to Improve Data and Performance, available here https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/SNAPS-Data-TA-Strategy-to-Improve-Data-and-Performance-Overview.pdf; for additional information refer to the HUD HMIS Regulations and Notices, available here, https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/hmis/hmis-regulations-and-notices/.

3.16 Enrollment CoC

3.20 Housing Move-In Date

3.917 Prior Living Situation

B. Program Specific Data Elements (PSDEs)

Partner agencies are expected to maintain current knowledge of and adhere to the data collection requirements identified by the federal and/or local partner(s) funding their projects. Each of the federal partner programs using HMIS has a specific manual describing project setup in HMIS and what data elements are required to be collected. All federal partner manuals (CoC, RHY, VA, PATH, HOPWA, and ESG) can be accessed here. The CoC has identified several data elements that would be beneficial to collect across other project types regardless of federal funding source. The matrix below outlines what is required to be collected at the HUD and CoC levels.

X = data collection is required by HUD

C = data is collected on CoC HMIS forms but is optional

C* = data collection is required by the COC

Federal Funding Source		CoC				ESG				VA			RHY		YHDP	РАТН	норма	N	lone ((Not fo	edera	lly fu	nded	1)
HUD Data Element Name	Permanent Supportive Housing	Rapid Re-Housing	Supportive Services Only	Emergency Shelters	Night by Night Shelters	Rapid Re-Housing	Street Outreach	Homeless Prevention	Emergency Shelter (GPD, CRS)	RRH and Prevention (SSVF)	VASH PSH	Emergency Shelter (BCP)	Transitional Housing (TLP)	Prevention (BCP)	All project types	All project types	All project types	Emergency Shelters	Night by Night Shelters	Supportive Services Only	Transitional Housing	Street Outreach	Rapid Re-Housing	Prevention
4.02 Income and Sources	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*
4.03 Non-Cash Benefits	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*
4.04 Health Insurance	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*	C*

⁷ The Contra Costa Continuum of Care Program Models and Performance Standards can be found here: https://cchealth.org/h3/coc/pdf/Program-Models.pdf

 $^{^8 \} Federal \ Partner \ Program \ Manuals: \\ \underline{https://www.hudexchange.info/search/?km=10\&ct=\&dsp=\&csrf\ token=DC06D945-FF9E-4D79-9A1FC9926EAAF385\&q=program+manual}$

4.05 Physical Disability	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	C*						
4.06 Developmental Disability	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	C*						
4.07 Chronic Health Condition	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	C*						
4.08 HIV/AIDS	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	C*						
4.09 Mental Health Disorder	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	C*						
4.10 Substance Use Disorder	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	C*						
4.11 Domestic Violence	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	C*						
4.12 Current Living Situation					Χ		Х								Χ	Х				C*		C*		
4.1 Housing Status	C*																							
4.13 Date of Engagement					Х		Х									Х			С		С			
4.14 Bed-night Date					Х								Х						C*					
C2 Moving On Assistance Provided	Х																							
C3 Youth Education Status															Χ									
C4 Translation Assistance Needed	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	Х	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
W1 Services Provided –																	V							
HOPWA																	Х							
W2 Financial Assistance–																	Х							
HOPWA																	^							
W3 Medical Assistance																	Χ							
W4 T-cell (CD4) and Viral Load																	Χ							
W5 Housing Assessment at								Х						Х			х							C*
Exit														^			^							
W6 Prescribed Anti-Retroviral																	Х							
P1 Services Provided – PATH																х								
Funded																^								
P2 Referrals Provided – PATH																Χ								
P3 PATH Status																Х								
P4 Connection with SOAR										Χ	Χ					Χ								
R1 Referral Source												Χ	Х	Х										igsquare
R2 RHY – BCP Status			Х									Х	Х	Χ										
R3 Sexual Orientation	Χ	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С

R4 Last Grade Completed	С	С	С	С		С	С	С	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	С	С	С	С		С	С	С	С	С
R5 School Status												Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ									
R6 Employment Status	C*	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	C*																	
R7 General Health Status	Х										Χ	Χ	Х	Χ										
R8 Dental Health Status												Χ	Х	Χ	С									
R9 Mental Health Status												Χ	Χ	Χ	С									
R10 Pregnancy Status												Х	Х	Х	С									
R11 Formerly a Ward of Child	C*	Х	Х	Х	C*																			
Welfare/Foster Care Agency	L.	C.	^	^	^	L.	C.	[
R12 Formerly a Ward of	С	С	С	С	С	С		С	С	С	С	Х	Х	Х	С	С	С	С		С	С		С	С
Juvenile Justice System	C	C	C	C	C	C		C	C	C	ر	^	^	^	C	C	ر	C		C	C		ر	
R13 Family Critical Issues												Χ	Χ	Χ	С									
R14 RHY Service Connections												Χ	Χ	Χ	С									
R15 Commercial Sexual												Х	Х	Х	С									
Exploitation/Sex Trafficking												^	^	^	C									
R16 Labor												Х	Х	Х	С									
Exploitation/Trafficking												^	^	^	C									
R17 Project Completion Status												Χ	Χ	Χ	С									<u> </u>
R18 Counseling												Χ	Χ	Χ	С									<u> </u>
R19 Safe and Appropriate Exit												Χ	Χ	Χ	С									<u> </u>
R20 Aftercare Plans												Χ	Χ	Χ	С									
V1 Veteran's Information	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	Χ	Χ	Χ	С	С	С	С	С	C	С	С	С	С	С	C	С
V2 Services Provided – SSVF										Χ														
V3 Financial Assistance – SSVF										Χ														
V4 Percent of AMI (SSVF										Х														
Eligibility)										^														<u> </u>
V6 VAMC Station Number									Χ	Χ	Χ													<u> </u>
V7 HP Targeting Criteria										Χ														
V8 HUD-VASH Voucher											V													
Tracking											Х													
V9 HUD-VASH Exit																	-							
Information											Х													<u> </u>
Last Permanent Zip Code	C*																							

City Last Had Stable Housing	C*																							
City Slept Last Night	C*																							
First Time Homeless	C*																							
Total Length of Time	C*																							
Homeless (in Lifetime)																								

Each UDE and PSDE is to be collected at specific Data Collection Stage or Stages depending on Funding and Project Type. Please see Appendix B for a complete list of when each data element should be collected, how often, and for whom.

Data Collection Stage	Tool	Applicable Project Type
Project Start	Project Intake Form	Required for all program types
Project Update	Project Update Form	Required for all program types
Project Annual	Project Update Form	Required for all program types except Street Outreach and non-federal NbN
Assessment		Shelters
Project Exit	Project Exit Form	Required for all program types
Post Exit / Follow up	Project Follow-	Required for Prevention/Diversion, Rapid Rehousing, Rapid Exit, and TLP
	up/Aftercare Form	funded-Transitional Housing only

c. Project Descriptor Data Elements (PDDEs)

HUD describes Project Descriptor elements as elements that identify the organization, specific project, and project details to which an individual client record in an HMIS is associated. These elements are managed by the HMIS System Administrator, are created at initial project set-up and updated as needed. These elements enable HMIS to:

- Associate client-level records with the various projects that the client will enroll in;
- Clearly define the type of project the client is associated with the entire time they received housing or services;
- Identify which federal partner programs are providing funding to the project; and
- Track bed and unit inventory and other information, by project, which is relevant for the Longitudinal Systems Analysis (LSA), Annual Homeless Assessment Report (AHAR), System Performance Measures, Housing Inventory Counts (HIC), Point In Time (PIT) counts, and utilization analysis.

The following Project Descriptor Data Elements (PDDEs) are required by HUD and the CoC:

2.01 Organization Information

- Organization ID
- Organization Name
- Victim Service Provider (Y/N)

2.02 Project Information

- Project ID
- Project Name
- Operating Start Date
- Operating End Date
- Continuum Project (Y/N)
- Project Type
- If PH-Rapid Re-Rehousing, identify RRH subtype
- If Service Only, affiliated with a residential project?
- Housing Type
- Target Population
- HOPWA funded Medically Assisted Living Facility (Y/N)

2.03 Continuum of Care Information

- CoC Code
- Geocode
- Project Address
- Geography Type

2.06 Funding Sources

- Funding Sources
- Grant Identifier
- Grant Start Date
- Grant End Date

2.07 Bed and Unit Inventory Information

- Inventory Start Date
- Inventory End Date

- COC Code
- Household Type
- If Emergency Shelter, Bed Type
- If Emergency Shelter, Availability
- No. of beds dedicated to Chronically Homeless Veterans
- No. of beds dedicated to youth-veterans
- No. of beds dedicated to any other veteran
- No. of beds dedicated to Chronically Homeless youth
- No. of beds dedicated to any other youth
- No. of beds dedicated to any other CH
- No. of nondedicated beds
- Total bed inventory
- Total unit inventory

2.08 HMIS Participation Status

- HMIS Participation Status
- Participation Status Start Date
- Participation Status End Date

2.09 Coordinated Entry Participation Status

- Project is a Coordinated Entry Access Point?
- Services Provided by CE Project
- Project Receives CE Referrals?
- CE Participation Status Start Date
- CE Participation Status End Date

d. Coordinated Entry (CE) Data Elements

CoCs with HUD-funded SSO-CE projects are required to collect Coordinated Entry (CE) data elements. However, regardless of funding source, HUD strongly encourages that all CoCs collect CE data in HMIS using these standardized elements. Depending on whether a CoC's Coordinated Entry system has a single front-door or multiple front-doors, HMIS set-up and data element applicability will vary from CoC to CoC. All CoCs with a CoC Program CE grant are required to produce a CE-specific Annual Performance Report (CE APR). The CE APR is unlike other CoC APRs in that it is generated across the entire CoC rather than a specific project. Additional information about the CE APR can be found in the CE APR Programming Specifications⁹. The table below lists the CE data elements being used by the Contra Costa Coordinated Entry System and the project types that are required to collect it.¹⁰

CE Data Element	Project Type Applicability
4.19 CE Assessment – Date of Assessment	All CE Access Points
4.19 CE Assessment – Assessment Location	All CE Access Points
4.19 CE Assessment – Assessment Type	All CE Access Points

⁹ CE APR Programming Specifications: https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/HMIS-Programming-Specifications-for-Coordinated-Entry-APR-CE-APR-CSV.pdf

¹⁰ For more information about the CoC's Coordinated Entry system, see the Contra Costa Coordinated Entry System Policies and Procedures: https://cchealth.org/h3/coc/pdf/CES-P-and-P.pdf

4.19 CE Assessment – Assessment Level 4.19 CE Assessment – Assessment Questions and Answers 4.19 CE Assessment – Prioritization Status 4.10 CE Access Points 4.12 CLS - Current Living Situation 4.12 CLS - Information Date 4.12 CLS - Living Situation Verified By 4.12 CLS - Location Details 4.12 CLS - If Current Living Situation = non-homeless, Is All CE Access Points All CE Access Points All CE Access Points All CE Access Points
4.19 CE Assessment – Prioritization StatusAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Current Living SituationAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Information DateAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Living Situation Verified ByAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Location DetailsAll CE Access Points
4.12 CLS - Current Living SituationAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Information DateAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Living Situation Verified ByAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Location DetailsAll CE Access Points
4.12 CLS - Information DateAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Living Situation Verified ByAll CE Access Points4.12 CLS - Location DetailsAll CE Access Points
4.12 CLS - Living Situation Verified By All CE Access Points 4.12 CLS - Location Details All CE Access Points
4.12 CLS – Location Details All CE Access Points
4.12 CLS If Current Living Situation - non-homology Is
4.12 CLS - If Current Living Situation = non-homeless, Is All CE Access Points
client going to have to leave their current living situation
within 14 days
4.12 CLS - If yes to leaving within 14 days, Has a subsequent
residence been identified
4.12 CLS - If yes to leaving within 14 days, Has resources to All CE Access Points
obtain other PH
4.12 CLS - If yes to leaving within 14 days, Has client had a All CE Access Points
lease in the last 60 days
4.12 CLS - If yes to leaving within 14 days, Has client moved All CE Access Points
2 or more times in last 60 days
4.20 Coordinated Entry Event - Date All CE Access Points
4.20 Coordinated Entry Event - Type All CE Access Points
4.20 Coordinated Entry Event – If Problem All CE Access Points, Rapid Exit
Solving/Diversion/Rapid Resolution service, Was client and Prevention/Diversion
housed in a safe alternative
4.20 Coordinated Entry Event – If referral to post- N/A in Contra Costa County
placement, result
4.20 Coordinated Entry Event – If referral to All CE Access Points
Shelter/TH/RRH/PSH/OPH/EHV/HSV, Location of Crisis
housing or Permanent housing (Project name/HMIS ID)
4.20 Coordinated Entry Event – If referral to All Projects (auto-generated*)
Shelter/TH/RRH/PSH/OPH/EHV/HSV, Referral Result
4.20 Coordinated Entry Event – If referral to All Projects (auto-generated*)
Shelter/TH/RRH/PSH/OPH/EHV/HSV, Referral Result Date

^{*}Field will be automatically answered based on whether an enrollment (to referred program) was found

5. DATA QUALITY MINIMUM BENCHMARKS

A Summary of all benchmarks is listed in Appendix C.

A. <u>Timeliness</u>

Timeliness is the degree to which the data is collected and available when it is needed. Entering data into HMIS in a timely manner is necessary to ensure that clients receive the services they need in a quick and efficient manner. An HMIS should have the most current client information available for every person being actively served by service providers. All HMIS participants

should strive to minimize the gap between when information is collected and when it is entered into HMIS, with the goal of real-time data entry whenever feasible.

Benchmark

Client intake and exit is entered within 3 days (72 hours) of intake and exit

Client services and assessments are entered within 3 days (72 hours) of service provision/assessment

Method

Staff can directly enter data into HMIS in real-time as dictated by internal processes, or within 3 days of intake.

B. Completeness

Completeness is the degree to which all required data is known and documented. Complete HMIS data is necessary to fully understand nature and extent of homelessness, such as:

- Unduplicated counts of clients served at the local level;
- Patterns of use of people entering and exiting the homeless assistance system; and
- Evaluation of the effectiveness of homeless systems.

In effect, complete data tells the full story of homelessness to the agencies, the Continuum, and the general public.

Benchmark

Clients Served Completeness: All programs using HMIS shall enter data on 100% of the clients they serve.

Data Element Completeness: For the Universal and Program-Specific Data Elements, missing information does not exceed 5% for all clients served in non-Outreach projects. ¹¹ For the Project Descriptor Data Elements, the program will collect 100% of these data elements

Method

At time of project setup, the HMIS Lead will collect ALL project descriptor data elements from the partner agency. When changes are made to CoC project descriptor data, notify the HMIS Lead immediately.

It is the expectation that all questions marked as required in the standard intake and exit forms are asked and documented. Please document if a client refuses to answer a question. The CoC's goal is to collect 100% of all data elements. However, the CoC recognizes that this may not be possible in all cases. Therefore, the CoC has established an acceptable range of null/missing and don't know/refused responses, depending on the data element and the type of project entering data (see Appendix D).

¹¹ See Appendix D: Data Quality Thresholds by Data Element for specific minimum benchmarks for Outreach and non-Outreach projects, by data element.

Exit Date Completeness – Non-residential programs such as Street Outreach and Service Only projects may implement an 'automatic exit' policy, wherein clients stay enrolled in the program until they've reached a period of inactivity and must be exited. Street Outreach programs must exit clients that have had no contact in 3 months. For Service Only programs, 4 months. The exit date should be backdated to the date of last service.

Bed Utilization and Capacity – A utilization rate outside the range of 65-105% for Shelters/Transitional Housing, or 85-105% for site-based PSH, may indicate missing enrollments or missing exit dates.

C. Accuracy

Accuracy is the degree to which data reflects the real-world client or service, and its alignment with other data

The purpose of accuracy is to ensure that the data in the CoC's HMIS is the best possible representation of reality as it relates to people experiencing homelessness and the programs that serve them.

To that end, all data entered into the CoC's HMIS must be a reflection of information provided by the client. Intentionally recording inaccurate information is strictly prohibited. The CoC will undertake system-wide accuracy checks, require end user training and monthly reports, and maintain a consistent intake form.

Benchmark

The CoC's goal is to maintain 95% in data accuracy and consistency for the HUD Universal Data Elements and Program Specific Data Elements.

Method

All client data entered into HMIS should accurately reflect information supplied by the client or data known by case managers. Inaccurate data may be intentional or unintentional. It is the expectation that staff complete the intake and exit forms with their clients to the best of their ability. It is better to enter "Client doesn't know" or "Client prefers not to answer" than to enter inaccurate information. Therefore, to ensure the most up-to-date and accurate data:

- Data errors should be corrected as soon as they are identified
- Recording inaccurate information is strictly prohibited, unless a client refuses to provide correct personal information
- Any client record duplicates or program enrollment duplicates must be sent to the System Administrator for merging immediately

Accuracy and Consistency will be measured and graded using the Contra Costa Data Quality Dashboard and Contra Costa Monthly Enrollment Report (see monitoring section). Some examples of Accuracy and Consistency data errors are:

Project Start Date that is after Project End Date

- Date of Birth that is before Project Start Date
- Households with more than one recorded Head of Household
- See Appendix E for a complete list.

Consistency of project descriptor data – Clients entered into programs should reflect the client population served, match the project's utilization and capacity, and entry-exit dates should fall within project operation dates. For example, a project exclusively for single men should not have women and children enrolled. A program with a capacity of 20 beds should not show an active caseload exceeding 20 people on any given night (unless using overflow beds).

D. <u>HMIS Bed Coverage</u>

The importance of a high percentage of HMIS Bed Coverage for all project types is an emphasis of the <u>HUD TA Data Strategy</u>. Without a high percentage of HMIS Bed Coverage within a CoC, the data within HMIS is never holistic and the story told with HMIS data about homelessness within the CoC is not fully accurate. A lack of high HMIS Bed Coverage prevents CoCs from understanding how both their system, and the clients served within the system, are functioning.

Benchmark

While extrapolation techniques can work for some research and reporting purposes, the extrapolation will only be as accurate as the similarities between any given projects, processes, and clients served by the projects. Therefore, the goal for systemwide HMIS Bed Coverage for federally funded residential programs is 100% and the goal for non-federally funded residential programs is 90%.

Method

The HMIS Lead, in conjunction with CoC Lead, will strive to ensure that bed coverage reaches 100% for each project type. The Housing Inventory Chart (HIC) should be reviewed on a semi-annual basis to ensure all projects (excluding Victim Services Providers) are entering data into HMIS. If projects are included on the most recent HIC that do not enter data into HMIS, the CoC and HMIS Lead should find out why this is the case and target any solutions to specific barriers; For any new project that becomes available within the CoC that will serve clients atrisk of or experiencing homelessness, the CoC should be notified and work with the HMIS Lead to ensure the new project is encouraged and / or required to enter data into HMIS.

6. DATA QUALITY BENCHMARK MONITORING AND ENFORCEMENT

Training

HMIS training is provided regularly by the RED Team to ensure all providers receive consistent training on how to accurately collect and enter data into HMIS.

- All users are required to complete New User Training prior to being given access to HMIS.
 This includes HMIS101 training and Data Entry Training.
- Reports and Data Quality Training, and trainings surrounding specific modules and workflows, are provided by the RED Team on an ad hoc basis and can be requested at any time.
 - H3 offers trainings on topics including: Reports and Data Quality Training, CES
 Workflow Training, and Reservation/Attendance Module Training.
- HMIS trainings and refreshers can be scheduled by emailing H3REDTeam@cchealth.org
- Training is regularly conducted at the monthly HMIS Policy Committee meeting and provider HMIS Agency Leads are strongly encouraged to attend. <u>Sign up</u> to receive notification of this monthly meeting.
- For a complete list of all HMIS forms please visit: https://www.cchealth.org/hmis

Monitoring Process

1. Partner Agency Self Review

Several tools and reports have been made available in HMIS to ensure each partner agency can monitor data quality at the program and agency levels. Partner agencies will monitor the data quality for each of their programs by running these reports and submitting them to the HMIS Lead monthly:

Report Type	Description	Frequency	Reporting Responsibility
Contra Costa Monthly Enrollment Report	Provides a list of client intakes and exits during a specified period, and active caseload as of the last day of the specified period. Also displays client details such as living situation prior to enrollment, housing status, VISPDAT score, and exit destination.	Monthly	Run this report for the first day of the month to the last day of the month, then submit this report to RED Team within 10 days of the following month. Therefore, the timeframe to correct completeness and accuracy errors will be 10 days following the end of the month, unless the 10th of the month falls on a weekend, then which it will be the following Monday. See sample in Appendix F
CCC Data Quality Dashboard report	Provides a summary of the agency's data quality errors, as well as timeliness and completeness rates. Will show accuracy and incongruency errors. Will also show any missing pieces to the CES workflow. Users	Monthly	Download this dashboard as pdf and submit this report to RED Team on the 10 th day of the following month. All agencies should aim to have a score higher than 95% in all categories (Completeness, Accuracy, Timeliness). See sample in Appendix H

can drilldown to specific		
client records.		

2. HMIS Lead Review and Systemwide Checks

The HMIS Lead (RED Team) will support agency staff in achieving the minimum data quality benchmarks through the review of each agency's submitted reports, as well as periodic review of each agency's data. Additional training will be provided to those agencies that need to improve their data quality. The HMIS Lead will maintain records of submissions and present findings to the COC Lead and/or COH when requested.

RED Team staff will also conduct quarterly accuracy and consistency checks and will run automated searches for information that is likely inconsistent. Any data inconsistency issues identified by agency-level staff must be reported to the HMIS System Administrator.

Systemwide Check	Frequency
Client duplicates	Monthly
Residential program overlaps/duplicates	Quarterly
No HoH or greater than 1 HoH	Quarterly
Unaccompanied minors	Quarterly
Enrollment COC/Location errors	Quarterly
Missing move-in dates for adults or minors in	Quarterly
families	
Move-in dates before project start or after	Quarterly
project exit	
Project end dates before project start dates	Quarterly
Project enrollment dates that are outside	Quarterly
Program Operation dates	
Exit destination data that does not align with	Quarterly
other program enrollment data	

3. Supports and Expectations

Information collected on the above data quality reports and dashboards may be used for multiple purposes related to the operation and improvement of the Contra Costa County homeless system of care. This may include, but is not limited to, use in program applications for funding, such as the HUD CoC and ESG NOFAs review and rank processes, contractual amendments with Contra Costa Health Services and its Health, Housing & Homeless Services (H3) Division, evaluating requests for letters of support, and as part of CoC-wide system and project evaluations. In addition, an agency may use these reports for internal operations reviews, external funding applications, and for other purposes that may serve to support the programs' growth and improvement.

Thus, individual programs are encouraged to self-review their data quality without being prompted by the RED Team. Any HMIS participant can request data quality reports to review

and correct data quality areas. Reports can be requested by emailing the RED Team at H3REDTeam@cchealth.org.

Data quality thresholds and accomplishments will be reviewed by the CoC Lead quarterly and considered for scoring as a part of the HUD CoC Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) Application Ranking and Review Process. Agencies that meet the data quality benchmarks will be periodically recognized by the CoC at the Contra Costa County Council on Homelessness monthly meetings.

4. Data Quality Expectation and Accountability

Participants of the Contra Costa HMIS that do not adhere to the minimum data entry standards set forth herein will be notified of their errors and provided with specific information regarding the nature of the inaccuracies and methods by which to correct them. Agencies will be given a reasonable number of days to make corrections. If the extent of the issue is significant, a phased approach may be required. Training will be provided to agencies that remain noncompliant with the minimum data entry standards. Agencies that remain noncompliant with agreed upon corrections or fail to attend offered training will be required to meet with H3 to discuss barriers to completion and strategies to improve data quality, including completing a corrective action plan that could result in reduction or loss of funding. Data quality is considered in Annual HUD Collaborative Application Ranking and will be reported to the CoC Lead for that purpose.

7. APPENDIX

A. Terms and Acronyms

CE: Coordinated Entry CoC: Continuum of Care

DQIP: Data Quality Improvement Plan

ES: Emergency Shelter

ESG: Emergency Solutions Grant HIC: Housing Inventory Chart

HMIS: Homeless Management Information System

HP: Homelessness Prevention

HUD: Department of Housing and Urban Development

ICA: Institute for Community Alliances LSA: Longitudinal System Analysis NOFA: Notice of Funding Available

PATH: Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness

PIT: Point in Time Count

PSH: Permanent Supportive Housing

RFP: Request for Proposal

RHY: Runaway and Homeless Youth

RRH: Rapid Rehousing

SNAPS: HUD's Office of Special Needs Assistance Programs

SO: Street Outreach SSO: Supportive Services

SSVF: Supportive Services for Veteran Families

TA: Technical Assistance
TH: Transitional Housing
VSP: Victim Services Provider

B. <u>Data Elements by Data Collection Stage</u>

Universal Data Element Name	Field #	Collection Point	Data Collected About	Project Type Applicability
Name	3.01	Project start	All Clients	All Projects
Social Security Number	3.02	Project start	All Clients	All Projects
Date of Birth	3.03	Project start	All Clients	All Projects
Race and Ethnicity	3.04	Project start	All Clients	All Projects
Gender	3.06	Project start	All Clients	All Projects
Veteran Status	3.07	Project start	All Adults (18+)	All Projects
Disabling Condition	3.08	Project start	All Clients	All Projects
Project Start Date	3.10	Project Start	All Clients	All Projects
Project Exit Date	3.11	Project Exit	All Clients	All Projects
Destination	3.12	Project Exit	All Clients	All Projects

Relationship to Head of Household	3.15	Project Start	All Clients	All Projects
Enrollment CoC	3.16	Project Start	Head of Household	All Projects
Housing Move-in Date	3.20	At move-in – must be entered on the Project Entry Screen if/when a household moves into any type of permanent housing	Head of Household	3: PH-Permanent Supportive Housing 9: PH-Housing Only 10: PH-Housing with Services (no disability required for entry) 13: PH-Rapid Re-Housing
Prior Living Situation	3.917	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Rental Subsidy Type	3.917	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Subsidy Types - Dependent Field, relies on Living Situation = 435	All Projects
Length of Prior Living Situation	3.917	Project Start	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Approximate Date Homelessness Started	3.917	Project Start	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Number of times homeless in the past 3 years	3.917	Project Start	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Number of months homeless in the past 3 years	3.917	Project Start	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Income from any source?	4.02	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Income Source(s) and amount(s)	4.02	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Non-Cash benefits from any source?	4.03	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Non-Cash Source(s)	4.03	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Covered by Health Insurance?	4.04	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Health Insurance Source(s)	4.04	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Physical Disability	4.05	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Developmental Disability	4.06	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Chronic Health Condition	4.07	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
HIV/AIDS	4.08	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Mental Health Disorder	4.09	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Substance Use Disorder	4.10	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Domestic Violence	4.11	Project Start, Update, Annual Assessment, and Project Exit	Head of Household and Adults	All Projects
Date of Engagement	4.13	Occurrence Point (At the Point of Engagement)	Head of Household and Adults	4: Street Outreach
Bed-night Date	4.14	Occurrence Point (As Bednights are Provided)	All clients	1: Emergency Shelter – night by night method only
Translation Assistance Needed	C4	Project Start	Head of Household	All Projects

C. Benchmark Quick View

	Minimum Benchmark
Timeliness of entries	Data entry must happen within 3 days of
	enrollment, service, move-in date, exit,
	status update, or annual assessment
Completeness – Clients Served	100% of clients served by program will be
	tracked in HMIS
Completeness – Universal Data Elements	95%*
Completeness – Program Specific Data Elements	95%*
Completeness – Project Descriptor Data Elements	100%
Bed Utilization (Shelters and Transitional Housing)	65% - 105%
Bed Utilization (site based PSH	85% - 105%
Accuracy and Consistency	95% (see Appendix D for specific data
	elements being monitored)
System HMIS Bed Coverage – Federally Funded Beds	100%
System HMIS Bed Coverage – Non-Federally Funded	90%
Beds	

^{*}For Street Outreach Projects – Only applies after client has a Date of Engagement

D. <u>Data Quality Thresholds by Data Element – only data elements listed here will be monitored</u>

a) **Completeness**

	All Project Types (Except Outreach and Night-by-Night Shelter)		Outreach and Night-by-Night Shelter	
Data Element	Acceptable Missing/Data Not Collected	Acceptable Client Doesn't Know/ Client prefers not to answer	Acceptable Missing/Data Not Collected	Acceptable Client Doesn't Know/Client prefers not to answer
Name	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
SSN	0%	≤ 10%	0%	≤ 15%
Date of Birth	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Gender	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Race and Ethnicity	0%	≤ 10%	0%	≤ 10%
Veteran Status	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Relationship to Head of Household	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Prior Living Situation (3.917 Fields)	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Disabling Condition	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Survivor of Domestic Violence	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Income at Entry Y/N	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Noncash Benefits Y/N	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Health Insurance Y/N	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 5%
Exit Destination	0%	≤ 5%	0%	≤ 30%
**Some fields are required for adults only and will not count as an error in situations where not required				

Project Descriptor Data Elements

Data Element	Target %	Acceptable Missing %
Organization Information	100%	0%
Project Information	100%	0%
Continuum of Care Information	100%	0%
Funding Sources	100%	0%
Bed and Unit Inventory Information	100%	0%
HMIS Participation Status	100%	0%
Coordinated Entry Participation Status	100%	0%

Bed Utilization Rate

Program Type	Target %
Emergency Shelter - Entry Exit	100%
Emergency Shelter - Night by Night	100%
Transitional Housing	100%
Permanent Supportive Housing	100%

b) **Accuracy**:

	All Projects Except Outreach	Outreach
	Acceptable Error Rate %	Acceptable Error Rate %
Cash/Benefits Conflict (Entry Screen)	0%	0%
Cash/Benefits Conflict (Exit Screen)	0%	0%
Date of Birth BEFORE Project Start	0%	0%
Disabling Condition Error	0%	0%
Employment/Income Conflict (Entry Screen)	0%	0%
Employment/Income Conflict (Exit Screen)	0%	0%
Households with More than One HoH	0%	0%
lousing Move-In Date Error	0%	0%
lousing Status and Living Situation Conflict	0%	0%
nvalid Head of Household	0%	0%
Move-In Date Error	0%	0%
Project End BEFORE Project Start	0%	0%
Project Exit Date after grant date	0%	0%
Project Start Date before grant date	0%	0%
Move in date / Destination Conflict	0%	0%

^{*} Housing move-in date is required for PH projects only and will not count as an error for other project types

E. Common 'Accuracy and Consistency' Errors

Ontact H3RedTeam@cchealth.org to request a merge. Name • First and Last Name should not be the same. • "Name Data Quality" must be answered. • Date of Birth (DOB) • "Date of Birth Data Quality" must always be answered. • DOB should not be before the program entry date • A minor (i.e., person under age 18) should not be input into an adult shelter (i.e., shelter for persons 18 years and older) and vice versa. • Those receiving SSDI should be marked as having a disabling condition and have their disability type recorded. • Those indicating they have a substance abuse, mental health, physical disability or HIV/AIDS, should be marked as having a disabling condition. Overlapping Enrollment in Residential Projects • Clients can be enrolled in multiple projects at a time; however, clients should never be enrolled in multiple residential projects at the same time (e.g., ES, TH, or PH with move-in date). • There should be one active head of household per enrollment • The "Relationship to Head of Household" data element must be completed for each individual household member at Project Start • Housing Move-In Date • "Housing Move-In Date" must be between the Project Start Date and Project Exit Date. • It may be the same date as Project Start if the client moves into housing on the date they were accepted into the project. • There can be no more than one "Housing Move-In Date" per enrollment. If a client loses their housing, a new enrollment must be added as well as a new move-in date if appropriate. • An old "Housing Move-In Date" from an old project may cascade into a new program enrollment. If the old project's "Housing move-in date" is not removed from the current, a negative "days to housing" will appear in data quality reports. • The Project Start Date should be after the Date of Birth • Project Start Date should be before Project Exit date. • Project Start and exit dates should not be the same in non-Night by Night shelters		
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 Project Start and exit dates should not be the same in non-Night by Night shelters 		
shelters	Exit Date	
Persons enrolled in emergency shelter, or rapid rehousing should not		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Persons enrolled in emergency shelter, or rapid rehousing should not
typically have a length of stay longer than 365 days. If a project's data		, , ,
quality reports reflect more clients than expected, this is typically a		
situation where the agency staff have not exited clients.		
Residence Prior to • The client's self-report should not be contradicted by other	Residence Prior to	The client's self-report should not be contradicted by other
Program Entry simultaneous/open/active project enrollments	Program Entry	simultaneous/open/active project enrollments

F. Client Enrollment Report Sample

Homeless Program A Total Intakes During Period Date Range: 01/01/2022 thru 01/31/2022 Singles and family members joining existing households: **Client UID** Residence Prior to Entry **Housing Status** Age Place not meant for habitation (e.g., a vehicle, an abandoned building, bus/train/subway station/airport or anywhere outside) Place not meant for habitation (e.g., a vehicle, an abandoned building, bus/train/subway station/airport or anywhere outside) Category 1 -01/02/2022 30 GOT432YTS ATTEN Category 1 -Homeless 25 -HU6LMT432 400 Place not meant for habitation (e.g., a vehicle, an abandoned building, bus/train/subway station/airport or anywhere outside) Category 1 -56 01/25/2022 10 **BV7FG5JK9** Singles: 4 Homeless Program A **Total Discharges During** Period Date Range: 01/01/2022 thru 01/31/2022 This tab provides a list of all discharges for the indicated period. Please reconcile the report with other records. Some things to check for 1) Missing family members 2) Incorrect exit dates/length of stay 3) Missing move-in dates 4) Incorrect Housing Status at Exit After verifying all rows and the total number of rows, please sign the bottom of this report and send to the HMIS Administrator, Total Families: 2 Total Singles: 10 Total Discharges: 18 Relationship to HoH Length of Stay Client UID Age **Discharge Destination** Self (head of Rental by client, with HCV voucher (tenant or 57 HOG534000 7GH45/231 07/19/2021 01/20/2022 185 lead of Rental by client, with HCV voucher (tenant or project based) 823TE4DW8 4 08/08/2021 01/20/2022 165 Head of Rental by client, with HCV voucher (tenant or project based) 4 households child 56R43T2H9 18 07/19/2021 01/20/2022 Head of households other relation member Rental by client, with HCV voucher (tenant or project based) 543KL7VDA 13 07/19/2021 01/20/2022 185 Self (head of Rental by client, with HCV voucher (tenant or UT4F019HD 57 08/19/2021 01/18/2022 765GFD35T Allegania Rental by client, with HCV voucher (tenant or project based) Head of Y6FT3V232 17 households 08/19/2021 01/18/2022 9 child **Homeless Program A Active Client Caseload Report** Caseload Date: 01/31/2022 his tab shows the program's open client caseload as the data indicated below. Please review this report and exit all clients who have exited Total Rows: 173 he program or have not accessed services in > 6 months. Also please verify the Date of Last Servicionitact and Move-In Date. Unique Clients: 173 Latest VI Score Last Should be exited? Please Exit As Of Client UID **Housing Status** Category 1 YUTS67FGD GH67C543E dill 54 15 12/28/2020 01/31/2022 01/31/2022 N Category 1 -45 04/17/2020 15 01/31/2022 01/31/2022 N VBC54FER3 CVXSFD587 4

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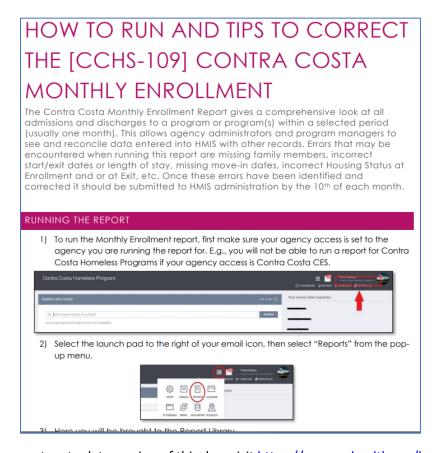
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05/08/2020

05/08/2020 Category 1 -Homeless

G. Tip Sheet on how to verify information on the Client Enrollment Report



For the most up to date version of this doc, visit https://www.cchealth.org/hmis

H. CCC Data Quality Dashboard Sample

Contra Costa Data Quality Dashboard



I. Changes to this document

a) 10/17/23 – Field names throughout document were updated to align with the 2024 HUD Data Standards field names. Added 'Move-In date/Destination Conflict' to Appendix D.