How to create a Point-of-Care Ultrasound Program in Your Family Medicine Residency

Mena Ramos, MD

Neil Jayasekera, MD

Kevin Bergman, MD

Contra Costa Family Medicine Residency

My story with ultrasound

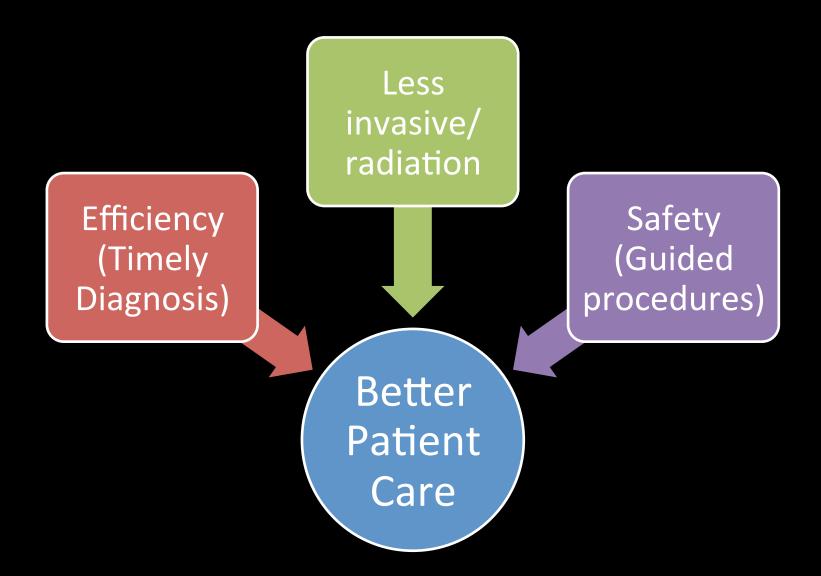
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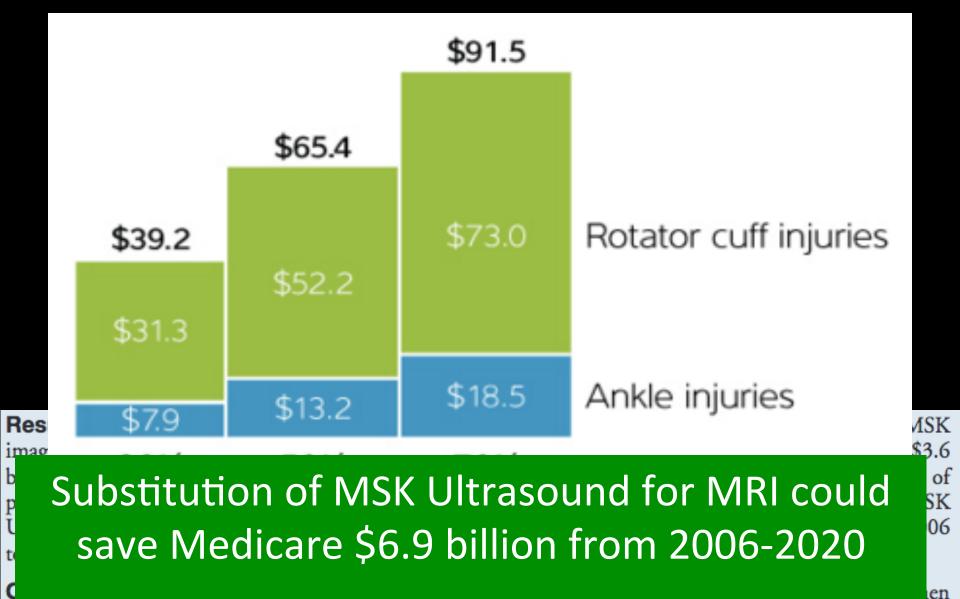


Ah Ha!



Ultrasound, Why the Big Push?





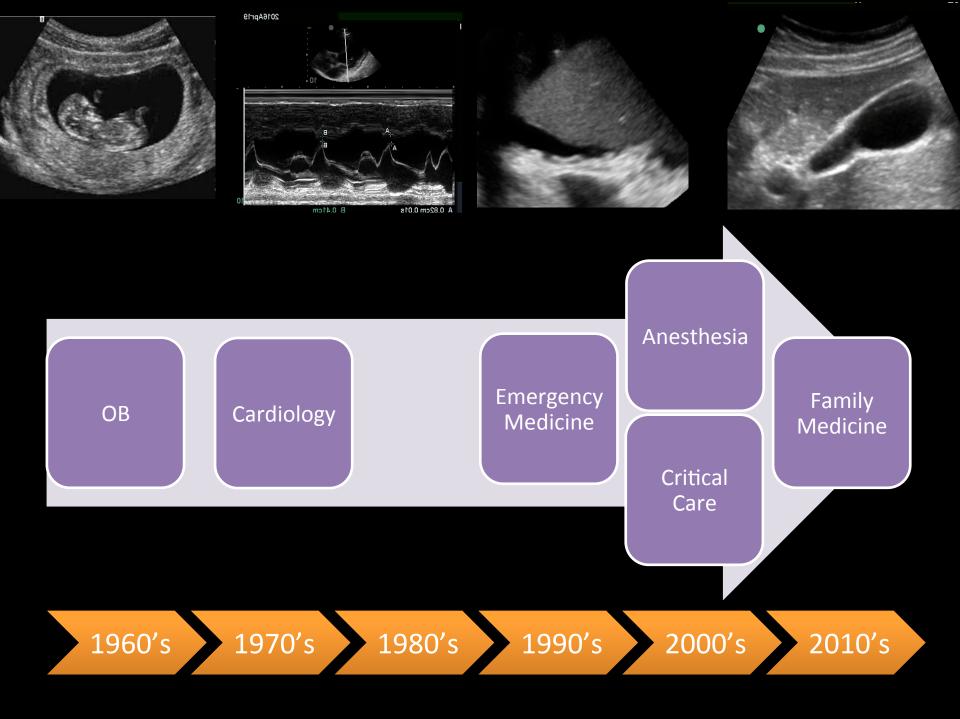
diagnostic ultrasound for CT and MRI imaging (in Millions)

appro

Parker, L. et al. Musculoskeletal Imaging: Medicare Use, Costs, and Potential for Cost Substitution. Journal of the American College of Radiology. 04/2008; 5 (3): 182-8 DOI 10:1016/j.jacr.2007.07.016 https://www.sonosite.com/uk/evidence/ultrasound-first-msk

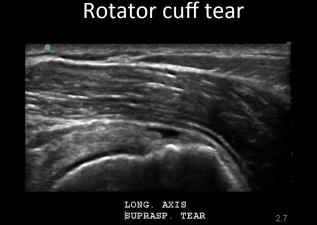
Technology has come a long way

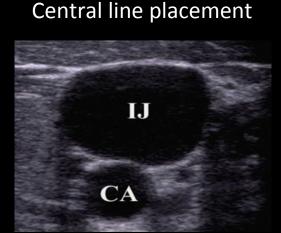




POCUS in Family Medicine

- FP's have been doing ultrasound in OB for decades
- Great utility in resource limited settings
- More outpatient applications
 - procedural guidance, musculoskeletal









Crit Ultrasound J. 2011 Apr;3(1):1-12. Epub 2011 Feb 1.

An integrated ultrasound curriculum (iUSC) for medical students: 4-year experience.

Hoppmann RA¹, Rao VV, Poston MB, Howe DB, Hunt PS, Fowler SD, Paulman LE, Wells JR, Richeson NA, Catalana PV, Thomas LK, Britt Wilson L, Cook T, Riffle S, Neuffer FH, McCallum JB, Keisler BD, Brown RS, Gregg AR, Sims KM, Powell CK, Garber MD, Morrison JE, Owens WB, Carnevale KA, Jennings WR,

Fletcher S.



SOUTH CAROLINA
School of Medicine

First World Congress on ultrasound in medical education hosted by the University of South Carolina School of Medicine.

Hoppmann RA, Riley R, Fletcher S, Howe D, Poston MB, Rao V, Harris S.

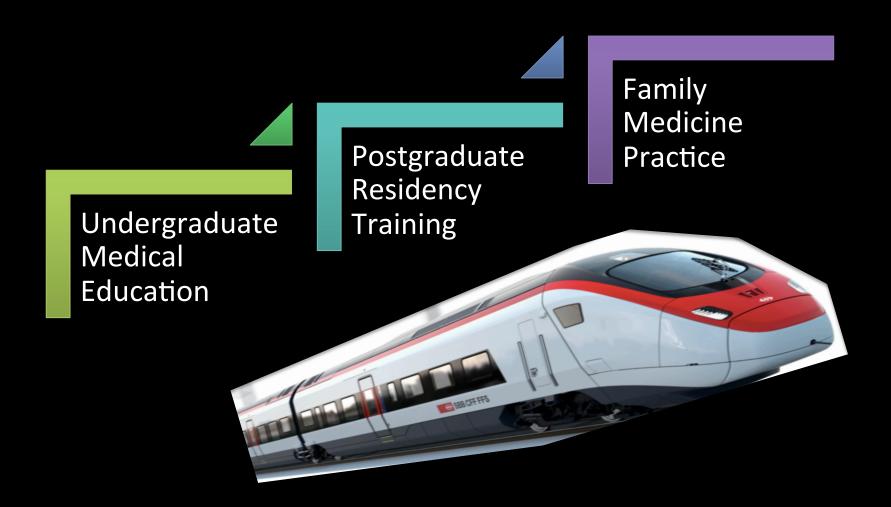
Crit Ultrasound J. 2013 Jul 2;5(1):6. doi: 10.1186/2036-7902-5-6.

Integrated medical school ultrasound: development of an ultrasound vertical curriculum.

Bahner DP¹, Adkins EJ, Hughes D, Barrie M, Boulger CT, Royall NA.



The Sea Change...





Catch the Wave



Point of Care Ultrasound in Family Medicine Residency Programs: A CERA Study

Jeffrey W.W. Hall, MD; Harland Holman, MD; Paul Bornemann, MD; Tyler Barreto, MD; David Henderson, MD; Kevin Bennett, PhD; Jeff Chamberlain, MD; Douglas M. Maurer, DO, MPH

- 2.2% FM Programs with established programs
 - 29% bive started a program within last year
- 11.2% in process of starting program

Becoming a Family Medicine POCUS champion

- 1. Love Pocus
 - One size does not fit all
- 2. Be a self-starter & teacher
- 3. Become an "expert"
- 4. Find allies
- 5. If you build it they will come
- 6. Get paid for your work!

How to Do It

Phase 1: Find and Groom a Champion

Phase 2: Obtain Institutional Buy In

Phase 3: Implement a Curriculum

Phase 4: Future Directions

Phase 1: Find a Champion

- Faculty member or Resident
- Ultrasound certified or not
- Inside or out of the hospital



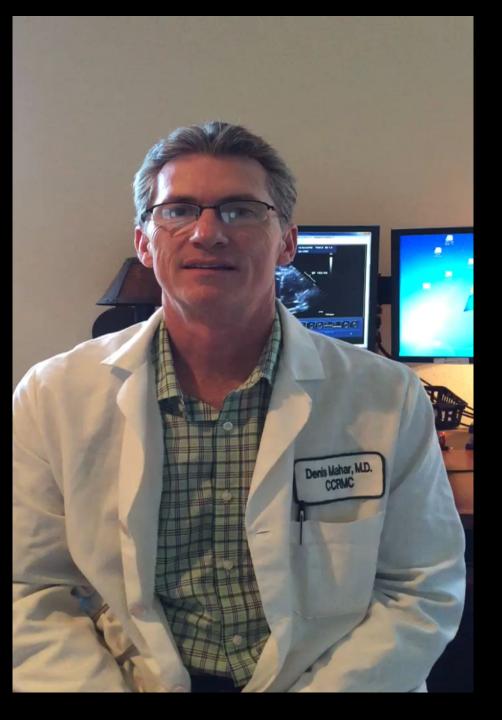




Buy-in from Radiology

- Best use of our resources
- Eliminated unnecessary after hour ultrasounds
- Technicians embraced, less burnout
- Not a turf war
- POCUS and Radiology
 Dept -> complementary

Dr. Robert Leibig, Chief of Diagnostic Imaging



Buy-in from Cardiology

- Use in Primary Care Setting and ER
- More RAPID and Accurate Diagnosis
- Working in CONJUNCTION with specialists
- Don't forget stethoscope!

2009 ACEP Guidelines on POCUS:

The Practice-Based Pathway to training, proficiency, and credentialing

- 1. Didactics 16-24hr course
- 2. Experiential # of 'over-read' core scans
- 3. Proficiency documentation and review
- 4. Credentialing by your medical staff office
- 5. CME per your specialty guidelines

2. Experiential Training

The Numbers:

- **□**150-250 total scans
- □25-50 of each type of scan
- □10 procedural scans

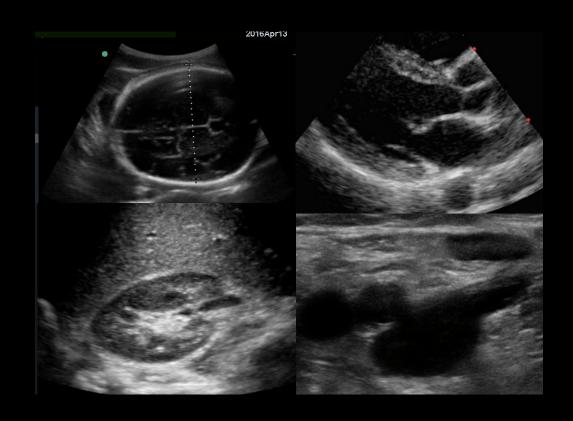


How to get there?

- Supervision over-reads by sonologist
- *Log comparing your training scans to:
 - other imaging results
 - surgical findings
 - patient outcome review

Core Skills for Family Medicine

- OB/GYN
- Cardiac
- Pulmonary
- Musculoskeletal
- Renal
- DVT
- Soft tissue
- Trauma (FAST)
- AAA
- Ocular
- Procedural Guidance



Billing for POCUS



Procedures that include ultrasound guidance (Do NOT report 76942 in addition)

	Medicare Physician Fee Schedule - National Average*		Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS)†	
CPT Code Descriptor	Non-Facility Payment	Facility Payment	APC Code	APC Payment
Fine needle aspiration; with imaging guidance	\$142.95	\$67.36	5072	\$480.64
Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; small joint or bursa (e.g., fingers, toes) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting	\$73.81	\$47.29	5441	\$223.76
Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; intermediate joint or bursa (e.g., temporomandibular, acromioclavicular, wrist, elbow or ankle, olecranon bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting	\$81.69	\$54.46	5441	\$223.76
Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; major joint or bursa (e.g. shoulder, hip, knee joint, subacromial bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting	\$93.51	\$63.42	5441	\$223.76
	Fine needle aspiration; with imaging guidance Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; small joint or bursa (e.g., fingers, toes) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; intermediate joint or bursa (e.g., temporomandibular, acromioclavicular, wrist, elbow or ankle, olecranon bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; major joint or bursa (e.g. shoulder, hip, knee joint, subacromial bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and	CPT Code Descriptor Fine needle aspiration; with imaging guidance Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; small joint or bursa (e.g., fingers, toes) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; intermediate joint or bursa (e.g., temporomandibular, acromioclavicular, wrist, elbow or ankle, olecranon bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; major joint or bursa (e.g. shoulder, hip, knee joint, subacromial bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and \$93.51	CPT Code Descriptor Rine needle aspiration; with imaging guidance Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; small joint or bursa (e.g., fingers, toes) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; intermediate joint or bursa (e.g., temporomandibular, acromicolavicular, wrist, elbow or ankle, olecranon bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; major joint or bursa (e.g. shoulder, hip, knee joint, subacromial bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and \$93.51 \$63.42	CPT Code Descriptor Non-Facility Payment Fine needle aspiration; with imaging guidance Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; small joint or bursa (e.g., fingers, toes) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; intermediate joint or bursa (e.g., temporomandibular, acromioclavicular, wrist, elbow or ankle, olecranon bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and reporting Arthrocentesis, aspiration and/or injection; major joint or bursa (e.g. shoulder, hip, knee joint, subacromial bursa) with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and with ultrasound guidance, with permanent recording and span span span span span span span span

CPT® five digit codes, nomenclature and other data are Copyright 2015 American Medical Association. All rights reserved. No fee schedule, basic units, relative values or related listings are included in CPT. The AMA assumes no liability for the data contained herein. Applicable FARS/DFARS restrictions apply to government use.

Reimbursement rates shown for payment of services under the Physicians Fee Schedule reflect a conversion factor of \$35.8279

^{*}Federal Register November 2015 †Federal Register November, 2015.



Statement on Ultrasound Billing

Approved 11/11/2012

Any qualified physician who interprets an indicated, appropriately-performed, and documented ultrasound examination, should be allowed to bill for imaging services rendered. Representative guidelines for qualifications, performance, and documentation are located at http://www.aium.org



Image Archiving

- Residents log each scan in New Innovations
- Link to patient MR#
- Make accessible
 - Delineate as training study
- Where to archive?
 - Upload to PACS
 - Upload to 'middleware': Qpath, Ultralink, etc
 - interface with EHR
- Reporting results
 - In PACS or in medical record

Which Machine?

















Supporting Documentation



H-230.960 Privileging for Ultrasound Imaging

 AMA affirms that ultrasound imaging is within the scope of practice of appropriately trained physicians;

(2) AMA policy on ultrasound acknowledges that broad a diverse use and application ultrasound imaging technologies exist in medical practice;

(4) AMA policy on **ultrasound imaging** states that each hospital medical staff should review and approve criteria for granting **ultrasound** privileges based upon background and training for the use of **ultrasound** technology and strongly recommends that these criteria are in accordance with recommend training and education standards eveloped by each onysician's respective specialty. Res. 802, 100, Realimed, Sub. Res. 108, A-00)

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY CONSENSUS STATEMENT

Focused Cardiac Ultrasound in the Emergent Setting: A Consensus Statement of the American Society of Echocardiography and American College of Emergency Physicians

The Emergency Medicine Milestone Project

A Joint Initiative of

The Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education and
The American Board of Emergency Medicine



12. Other Diagnostic and Therapeutic Procedures: Goal-directed Focused Ultrasound (Diagnostic/Procedural) (PC12)



Uses goal-directed focused Ultrasound for the bedside diagnostic evaluation of emergency medical conditions and diagnoses, resuscitation of the acutely ill or injured patient, and procedural guidance.								
Has not Achieved Level 1	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5			
	Describes the indications for emergency ultrasound	Explains how to optimize ultrasound images and Identifies the proper probe for each of the focused ultrasound applications Performs an eFAST	Performs goal-directed focused ultrasound exams Correctly interprets acquired images	Performs a minimum of 150 focused ultrasound examinations	Expands ultrasonography skills to include: advanced echo, TEE, bowel, adnexal and testicular pathology, and transcranial Doppler			
Comments:	·		·	·				

Tips

- Keep a folder handy of supporting documentation
- Form Alliances
- Save the winning cases, and misses
- Use and solicit patient satisfaction & feedback

Phase 3: Implement a Curriculum

- Gathered from 6 years of experience
- Established curriculum, open source, and free
- Adopted from ACEP guidelines





Residency Program

Mission, Vision, Values

Our People

Curriculum

Facilities

Community

Clerkships

Application

Compensation

Interview

Contra Costa Global

Health Fellowship

Ultrasound Program

Current Fellows

Past Fellows

Directors

DONATE

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Contact Us

Donations

Related Links

Regional Medical Center

Point of Care Ultrasound (POCUS) at Contra Costa



Ultrasound is like
radiology in your
pocket. It can be used every
single day with just about
every patient that you see. It's
the future of clinical practice
and I think it is going to change
the face of medicine.

- Dr. Erin Stratta

Global Health Fellow

Mission

To promote the use of POCUS in family medicine by training family physicians with basic POCUS skills to provide quality, timely, patient centered and cost effective care.

RESOURCES • Schedule • Ultrasound Credentialing • Educational Resources

Background

POCUS has rapidly established itself as the standard of care in many areas of medicine, and is especially well-suited for physicians who work in under-resourced settings locally and abroad. Since 2010, the Contra Costa Family Medicine Residency

program has provided 2 day POCUS training during orientation for all Contra Costa interns, and is a recognized leader in POCUS training for family physicians.

Programs

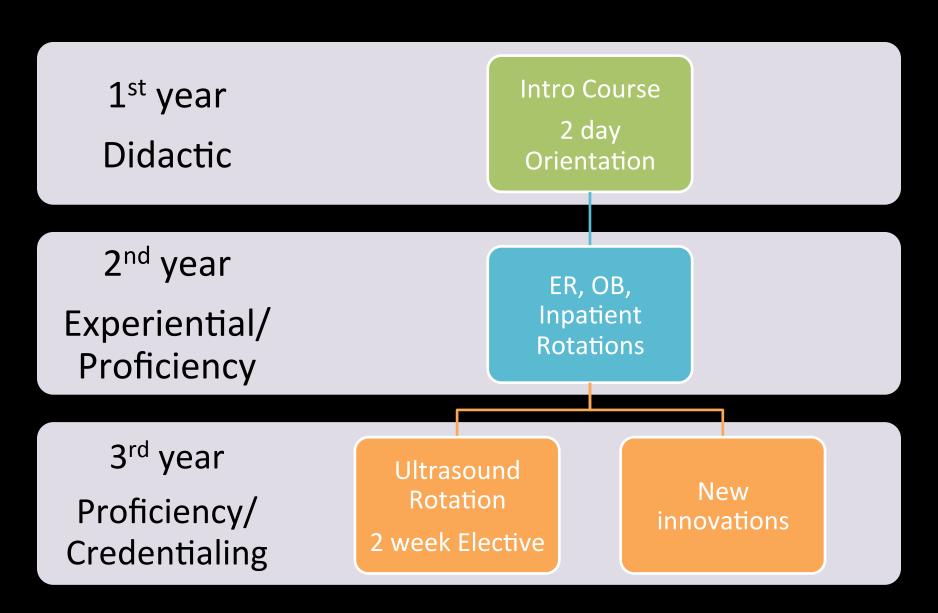
- 2-day POCUS training in June for incoming residents and Global Health fellows, including:
 - o Trauma/FAST exam
 - Echocardiography
 - Pulmonary
 - DVT
 - Renal
 - AAA
 - Gallbladder
 - 1st Trimester OB
 - Rapid Ultrasound Evaluation of Shock (RUSH exam)
 - Advanced applications, including ocular & intro to

Ultrasound is a game changer. It allows me to spend more time with patients at the bedside, building rapport, meanwhile arriving at potentially life-saving diagnoses in real time.

- Dr. Mena Ramos

Global Health Fellow

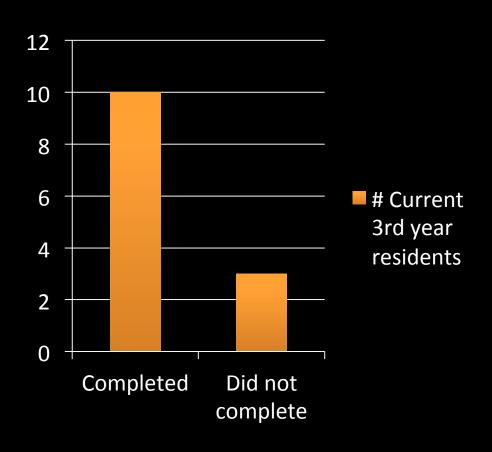
Curricular Layout



Ultrasound elective

- 2 weeks
- 3rd year of residency
- online lecture videos
- Proctored scans
- Integrated learning
- Goal: get 150 scans

"Popular" Ultrasound elective

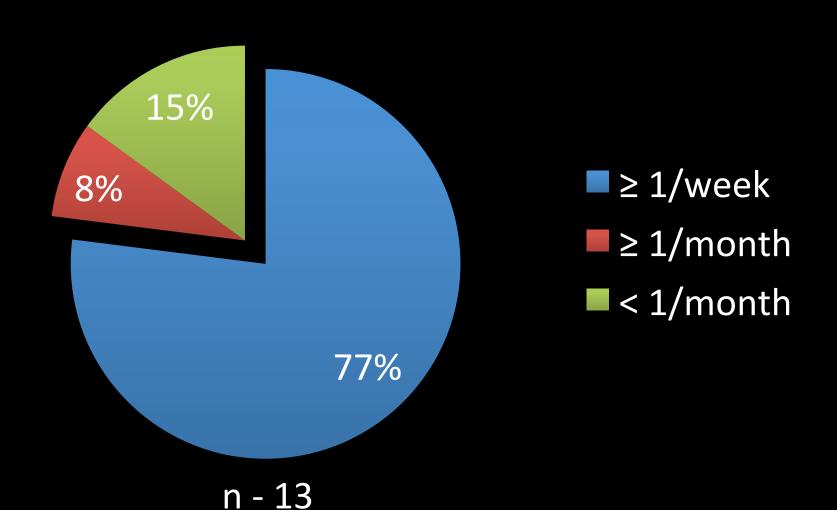


Does it work?

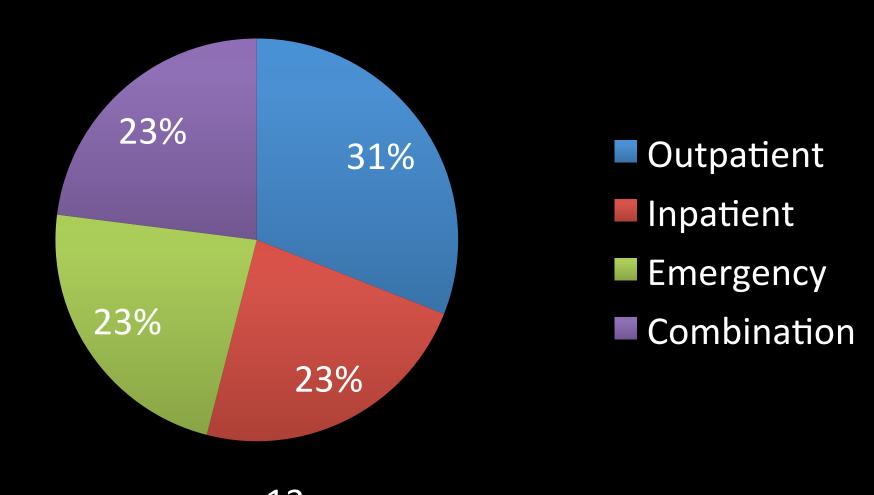


Contra Costa Family Medicine Residency Class of 2015

Class of 2015 Frequency of Ultrasound Use

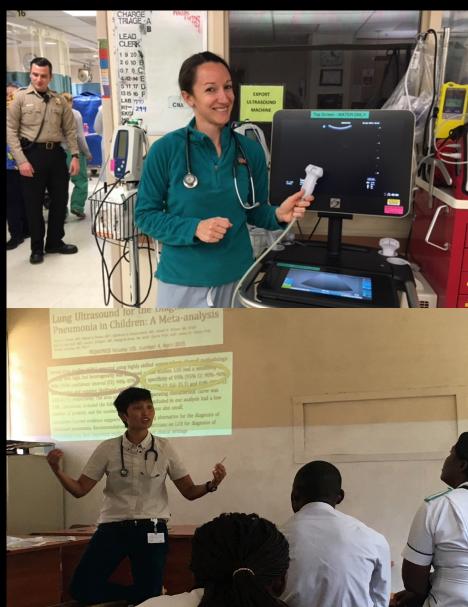


Class of 2015 in Practice



From Students to Teachers...





Future Directions

- CME for newer applications
 - Musculoskeletal
 - Global health
 - Procedural guidance



- Strengthen outpatient curriculum
- Residency based training

Sources

Bahner, DP et al. Integrated medical school ultrasound: development of an ultrasound vertical curriculum. Crit Ultrasound J. 2013 Jul 2, 5(1): 6

Hall et al. Point of Care Ultrasound in Family Medicine Programs: A CERA Study. Fam Med 2015; 47 (9): 706-11

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Hoppmann, RA et al. First World Congress on ultrasound in medical education hosted by the University of South Carolina School of Medicine. J S C Med Assoc. 2011 Oct; 107 (5): 189-90

Parker, L. et al. Musculoskeletal Imaging: Medicare Use, Costs, and Potential for Cost Substitution. Journal of the American College of Radiology. 04/2008; 5 (3): 182-8 DOI 10:1016/j.jacr.2007.07.016

Policy Statement, "Emergency Ultrasound Guidelines", American College of Emergency Physicians, Annals of Emergency Medicine, Vol 53, No.4,pp 550- 570, April 2009

Soni et al, Point of Care Ultrasound. Saunders, 2015.

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http://cchealth.org/residency/ghf/pocus.php

https://www.sonosite.com/uk/evidence/ultrasound-first-msk

http://www.emergencyultrasoundteaching.com/galleries/image galleries/procedural images/index.php

Questions?







