What should I do if I think I have COVID-19, but haven’t been tested?

Not everyone may need testing for COVID-19, especially if their symptoms are mild enough that they can take care of themselves at home or if their family members have already tested positive.

Symptoms of COVID-19 may be difficult to tell apart from influenza and other respiratory illnesses. To be on the safe side, we recommend anyone with symptoms of COVID-19 stay in their home until they are well (also called “home isolation”).

Deciding when you are well and can leave your home will depend on your symptoms. If you have mild symptoms:

- **Stay at home for at least 7 days after your symptoms began;** or
- **If you still have cough and fever after 7 days, continue to stay at home** until 3 days (72 hours) after your fever has gone away (without using a fever-reducing medication like Tylenol or ibuprofen) AND your symptoms like cough, body aches or sore throat have improved.

**Special considerations for those who work in Sensitive Occupations or live in or frequently visit a Sensitive Setting**

If you have symptoms of COVID-19 (fever, cough or shortness of breath) and work in, live in, or frequently visit a Sensitive Occupation or Setting (SOS)**, contact your doctor right away and let your doctor know about your sensitive setting and the importance of COVID-19 testing.

People in sensitive settings are at greater risk of exposure to and transmission of COVID-19 and may be at greater risk of severe COVID-19 disease.

**Persons with a Sensitive Occupation or Settings (SOS) includes those who work, live in, or frequently visit the following types of facilities:**

- Skilled nursing facility
- Nursing home
- Residential care facility
- Senior living facility
- Shelter
- Group home
- Residential treatment facility
- Day program
- Jail/detention facility
- Dialysis center/receives dialysis
- Clinic or hospital
- Emergency medical services/first responder
- Receives chemotherapy in facility